



**NOTICE OF PESTICIDE APPLICATION**

**Rancho Santa Margarita Landscape and Recreation Corporation**

**Date of Application: 4/1/2026 to 4/30/2026**

**Location: SAMLARC The Heights, Lake, Town & Golf.  
Melinda, Trails, Antonio Parkway, Las Flores, Santa Margarita Parkway  
Alicia Parkway, & Plano Trabuco**

**Product and Manufacturer Name: Atrimmec Growth regulator. Gordon Corporation.**

**Safety Precautions, Active Ingredients, and US EPA Number:**

**EPA Reg.No. 2217-776**

**Active Ingredients- Dikegulac-sodium**

**PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals**

**CAUTION: Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes or clothing.**

**Reason for Application:** To control plant growth for hedges, shrubs, trees and groundcovers.

**Label and MSDS Sheet Attached**



- This product is absorbed through the leaves and translocated to the shoot tips. Pinching effect is limited to sprayed branches.
- This product will chemically pinch unpruned shoots and will also increase branching of trimmed shoots.
- This product produces full, well branched plants with more abundant bloom.
- This product reduces the need for mechanical pinching and pruning.

**Atrimmec Plant Growth Regulator Is Easy To Use:**

- Mix with water in a well rinsed sprayer. The spray solution should be used the same day it is prepared. Do not mix this product with fertilizers or other pesticides.
- A surfactant is incorporated in the product. No additional wetting agent is needed for foliar applications.
- Plant foliage should be dry when spray is applied.
- On very hot, sunny days, spray preferably early in the morning or late in the afternoon.
- Spray entire plant until wet. Thorough coverage of foliage is the key to good results.
- After spray has dried, respraying may overdose previously treated plants. Be careful to avoid overlapping treatment of plants.
- If treated plants are subject to rainfall or overhead irrigation within 6 hours after spraying, effectiveness may be reduced.
- Trimming after applying this product may interfere with the action of the product.

**Considerations When Using Atrimmec Plant Growth Regulator For Landscape Maintenance:**

- **Looking for a formal appearance?** Trim the shrub or groundcover to shape, leaving at least two pairs of expanded leaves on each shoot to absorb the spray. Apply this product within three days.
- **Looking for a more natural appearance?** Either trim only the long, wild shoots and immediately apply this product spray or trim shrub or groundcover to shape, allow the new shoots to grow at least two inches (5 cm) and then apply this product spray.

**Spray Drift Management:**

Non-target terrestrial plants can be adversely affected when exposure to this product. Avoid spray drift to non-target terrestrial plants during application.

- Do not apply when wind velocity exceeds 15 mph, or when wind gusts approach 15 mph.
- Do not apply this product if the wind direction does not favor on-target deposition.
- Use only spray equipment with medium or coarser spray nozzles according to ASAE (S572) definition for standard nozzles. In conditions of low humidity and high temperatures, applicators must use a coarser droplet size.

**2. Foliar Sprays For Growth Regulation (shrubs, hedges, and groundcovers)**

**Responses With Atrimmec Plant Growth Regulator:**

After an application of this product in spring, plants can usually be maintained in acceptable shape for a full season. Under extremely good growing conditions or in areas with a long growing season, two treatments per year may be considered on certain species. However, in areas with a short growing season only a single spring treatment is recommended.

Plants must be well rooted and actively growing. Do not treat wilted or dormant plants. Plants must be healthy and not under stress from drought, nutritional deficiency or disease. Avoid treating slow growing plants under cool weather conditions or extremely hot summer temperatures.

Best response is obtained on lush spring growth or under good growing conditions.

Temporary reduction or suppression of flowering may be observed in shrubs and groundcovers such as alyssum, oleander, star jasmine and gazania, but normal bloom returns 3 to 6 weeks after spraying.

Chlorosis of the growing tip and terminal growth may occur a few weeks after the spraying of some species. This is usually transient but may persist up to 6 weeks on certain shrubs such as forsythia, oleander and privet. Fully expanded foliage is not affected.

Overdosing with this product may result in marked chlorosis and necrotic terminal shoots. Underdosing may result in little or no growth retardant effect.

**Directions For Growth Control Of Landscape Ornamentals:**

Directed use rates of this product vary with different species (Table 1). Where a dosage range is given, use a concentration in the lower part

of the indicated range for tender, sensitive varieties; use a concentration in the higher part of the directed range for vigorous, rank-growing varieties.

Spray volume will vary with the size of plants and amount of foliage. Spray to wet. On hedges, shrubs and groundcovers one gallon of spray solution covers 400 to 600 square feet (1 liter per 10 to 15 square meters). Small trees up to 16 feet (5 meters) tall require 1 to 5 gallons (5 to 20 liters) per tree. Larger trees 20 to 30 feet (6 to 9 meters) in height will require 10 to 15 gallons (40 to 60 liters) of spray solution per tree. Thorough coverage provides the best results.

Species of Ornamental Plant (Common/botanical name)	Scientific name	Concentration of Atrimmec Plant Growth Regulator in Water	
		fluid ounces per gallon	mL/liter
Abelia	Abelia x grandiflora	1	8
Alyssum	Alyssum spp.	2	16
Arborvitae, American	Thuja occidentalis	1	8
Ash, Arizona or Velvet	Fraxinus velutina	1 to 2	8 to 16
Ash, Shamel or Evergreen Ash	Fraxinus uhdei	1 to 2	8 to 16
Azaleas (Rhododendron hybrids)	Rhododendron spp.	2 to 3	16 to 24
Barberry	Berberis spp.	1	8
Bottlebrush	Callistemon spp.	2 to 3	16 to 24
Bougainvillea	Bougainvillea spp.	2	16
Temporary suppression of flowering may be observed 3 to 6 weeks after spraying.			
Butterfly bush or Buddleia	Buddleia spp.	1 to 2	8 to 16
Cape honeysuckle or Tecomaria	Tecomaria capensis	2 to 3	16 to 24
Cherry-laurel and English Laurel	Prunus spp.	2 to 3	16 to 24
Coprosma	Coprosma	1 to 2	8 to 16
Cotoneaster	Cotoneaster spp.	1 to 2	8 to 16
Cypress	Cupressus spp.	1	8
Elaeagnus	Elaeagnus spp	2 to 3	16 to 24
Elm, Chinese	Ulmus parvifolia	2	16
Elm, Siberian or Dwarf Elm	Ulmus pumila	1 to 2	8 to 16
Escallonia	Escallonia spp.	1 to 2	8 to 16
Euonymus	Euonymus spp.	2 to 3	16 to 24
Eugenia	Eugenia myrtifolia	2	16
Fig, Creeping Fig, Climbing Fig or Creeping Rubber Plant	Ficus repens or Ficus pumila	2 to 3	16 to 24
Fig, Laurel, Benjamin Tree or Weeping Fig	Ficus nitida	2	16
Firethorn	Pyracantha spp.	2 to 3	16 to 24
Forsythia	Forsythia spp.	2	16
Treat only spring growth. Summer treatments may retard flower bud set and development.			
Gazania	Gazania spp.	2	16
Hardy Orange	Poncirus trifoliata	2	16
Hawthorn, Indian	Raphiolepis indica	2 to 3	16 to 24
Hawthorn, Thorn, Thorn Apple, or Red Hawthorn	Crataegus spp	1 to 2	8 to 16

(cont. on next page)



**Table 4: Quick Mix Table For Soil Drench Treatments**

Spray mixture desired (gallons)	Add this amount of Atrimmec Plant Growth Regulator (fl. oz.)	Add this amount of 100% organosilicone surfactant (fl. oz.)
1	3 fl. oz.	0.5 – 1.0 fl. oz.
2	6 fl. oz.	1.0 – 2.0 fl. oz.
3	9 fl. oz.	1.5 – 3.0 fl. oz.
5	15 fl. oz.	2.5 – 5.0 fl. oz.
10	30 fl. oz.	5.0 – 10.0 fl. oz.
100	300 fl. oz.	50 – 100 fl. oz.

Note: Proportionally for each 12 inch trunk diameter at breast height (DBH) or at 4.5 feet above the soil, apply 1 gallon of spray mixture.

**Directions And Drench Amount Required For Each Plant:**

1. The amount drench mixture required for soil drench depends upon the plant diameter.
2. Measure the diameter of the plant in inches at breast height (DBH) or at 4.5 feet from the soil.
3. For multi-stemmed plants measure diameter of each stem at 4.5 feet from the soil, add the individual diameters of each stem to determine the total diameter of the tree at breast height. (Example at 4.5 feet above the soil: A three-limbed, forked plant with 7 inch diameter stem; a 5 inch diameter stem; 6 inch diameter stem = 18 inches and would require 1.5 gallons of spray mixture).
4. Apply the spray mixture to the root zone as a band around the base of the tree or individual plant.
5. Apply the amount (volume) listed in Table 5 in a band around the plant at the soil-to-trunk interface and root flares.
6. The soil drench should be made completely around the base of the plant and all root flares.
7. Apply slowly to allow the drench mixture to enter the soil at the base of the plant and all root flares.
8. Be sure to apply the entire appropriate mixture to each tree.
9. For optimum plant translocation (uptake and upward movement), apply when daytime temperatures are expected to be 60°F or above for several days after application.
10. Do not apply to dormant plants, or during drought stress and during periods when trees are not actively transpiring.

**Table 5: Approximate amounts of spray solution for individual plant drench treatments are presented below:**

Tree diameter at 4.5 feet from soil or breast height (DBH), inches	Amount (volume) of spray mixture see Table 4
6 inches	0.5 gallon
12 inches	1 gallon
18 inches	1.5 gallon
24 inches	2.0 gallon

Note: Proportionally for each 12 inch trunk diameter at breast height (DBH) or at 4.5 feet above the soil, apply 1 gallon of spray mixture.

**5. Foliar Sprays To Reduce Undesired (Nuisance) Fruit And Flower Formation**

Atrimmec Plant Growth Regulator spray applied prebloom or during the flowering period of certain ornamentals reduces or eliminates bloom and prevents undesired (nuisance) fruit set.

Certain landscape trees and shrubs are allergenic during bloom. Ripe fruit falling on sidewalks, streets, and parked cars present a difficult cleanup problem which can often be reduced or prevented with a single spray treatment.

The spray concentration and timing of treatments are given in Table 6 for each species of tree or shrub. This product treatment is generally ineffective for these purposes after fruit has begun to set.

Foliar injury may occur if this product is applied to drought stressed trees. Treat healthy, vigorously growing trees only.

Complete spray coverage is essential for good results. See directed spray volumes indicated for growth control of landscape ornamentals.

**Table 6. Suppression of Flower and Fruit Formation.**

Species of Ornamental Plant	Concentration of Atrimmec Plant Growth Regulator in Water	
	fluid ounces per gallon	approximate mL/liter
Olive, ornamental ( <i>Olea europaea</i> ) Treat at any time from prebloom period after floral rachis has elongated about 1/2 inch (1.3 cm) through early bloom. Best results are obtained in early spring during the tight bud stage of the prebloom period.	2 1/2 to 5	20 to 40
Privet, glossy ( <i>Ligustrum lucidum</i> ) Treat when flower parts have elongated 1 to 3 inches (2.5 to 7.5 cm), since subsequent vegetative growth will cover the dead floral rachis and maintain satisfactory appearance. Treatment at a later stage, when flower parts are 4 to 6 inches (5 to 15 cm), leaves the dead floral parts visible for the remainder of the season.	3/4 to 1.5	5 to 12
Rose, multiflora ( <i>Rosa multiflora</i> ) Apply this product at any time from the prebloom period when plants are in full foliage and flower buds have formed through early bloom (10 to 15% bloom).	3/4 to 1.5	5 to 12
Holly Japanese ( <i>Ilex crenata</i> ) To prevent berry set apply at any time from prebloom, tight bud stage through midbloom.	3/4 to 1.5	5 to 12

**6. Atrimmec Plant Growth Regulator For Greenhouse and Nursery Crops**

**What Atrimmec Plant Growth Regulator Does:**

- This product is a systemic plant growth regulator applied as a foliar spray that reduces or breaks apical dominance and enhances lateral branching.
- This product is absorbed through the leaves and translocated to the shoot tips. Pinching effect is limited to sprayed branches.
- This product will chemically pinch unpruned shoots and will also increase branching of trimmed shoots.
- This product produces full, well branched plants with more abundant bloom.
- This product reduces the need for mechanical pinching and pruning.

**Considerations When Using Atrimmec Plant Growth Regulator For Greenhouse And Nursery Crops:**

- Best response is obtained on lush spring growth or under good growing conditions. Avoid treating plants under cool weather conditions or extremely hot summer temperatures.
- Plants must be well rooted and actively growing. Do not treat wilted or dormant plants. Plants must be healthy and not under stress from drought, nutritional deficiency or disease. Avoid treating plants under conditions favoring root disease, such as standing water in poorly drained soil.
- This product should be applied on shorter, more tender new shoots than usually considered appropriate for hand pinching.
- For optimal results, remove any flower buds or flowers present, and trim all long shoots.
- This product is best absorbed by soft, fully developed leaves. If plants have been heavily pruned at least two pairs of expanded leaves should remain on each shoot.
- For best results use this product on rooted cuttings or young liners. One application is usually sufficient to get good frame branching. Subsequent pinching of older plants can be done with this product to further improve branching.
- In frost susceptible regions, the final treatment should be made sufficiently early in the season so that the new growth will harden off before frost.
- Overdosing with this product may result in marked chlorosis, necrotic terminal shoots and delayed regrowth. Underdosing may result in little or no pinching effect.

**After Treating Plants With Atrimmec Plant Growth Regulator:**

- Allow sufficient time for the chemical pinching response. There is no visible effect for the first 7 to 10 days. Trimming or hand pinching after applying this product may interfere with the action of the product.



